

Categorical spectra as pointed (∞, \mathbb{Z}) -categories

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TexasTech and Wichita State University Topology and Geometry seminar
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2 Categorical spectra

- Definition and examples
- Cells of categorical spectra

3 \mathbb{Z} -categories

- Globular presentation
- Comparisons and cells

Contents – Section 0: Motivation

1 Motivation

2 Categorical spectra

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Higher modules

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↪ $\mathcal{M}od^{n+1}(\mathbb{k}) := \mathcal{M}od_{\mathcal{S}t_n}(\mathcal{M}od^n(\mathbb{k}))$ symm. mon. stable $(\infty, n+1)$ -category

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- $\rightsquigarrow \dots$

Stabilisation phenomenon [Stefanich]

$\mathcal{M}od^{n-1}(\mathbb{k})$ is the unit of $\mathcal{M}od^n(\mathbb{k})$, and $\text{End}_{\mathcal{M}od^n(\mathbb{k})}(\mathcal{M}od^{n-1}(\mathbb{k})) \simeq \mathcal{M}od^{n-1}(\mathbb{k})$
(Convention: $\mathcal{M}od^0(\mathbb{k}) := \mathbb{k}$, and $\mathcal{S}t_0 = \mathcal{S}p$)

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What happens as $n \rightarrow \infty$?

First, what are higher categories again?

Definition

An $(\infty, 0)$ -category is an ∞ -groupoid (aka space, anima, ...)

An $(\infty, n + 1)$ -category is an (∞, n) - \mathfrak{Cat} -enriched ∞ -category.

\implies For any $C, D \in \mathfrak{C}$, an (∞, n) -category $\text{hom}_{\mathfrak{C}}(C, D)$ of 1-cells and higher cells between them

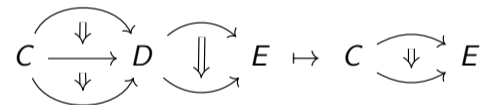
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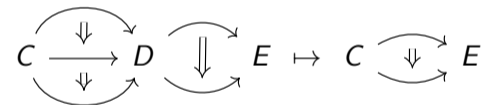
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“Definition” (Interpreted properly)

An (∞, ω) -category is an (∞, ω) - $\mathcal{C}at$ -enriched ∞ -category.

\implies For any $C, D \in \mathcal{C}$, an (∞, ω) -category $\text{hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(C, D)$

Infinitely iterated modules

- ▶ The top-dimensional cells in iterated \mathbb{k} -modules are points of \mathbb{k}
- ▶ Codimension-1 cells are \mathbb{k} -modules
- ▶ ...
- ▶ 0-cells are $\mathfrak{Mod}^{n-1}(\mathbb{k})$ -modules

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Upshot for $n = \omega$

- ▶ We know the “ ∞ -dimensional” (or infinitely shifted) cells
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Upshot for $n = \omega$

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Idea: Put the “top cells” in dimension 0, and the rest in < 0 dimensions
 \implies “ $\mathcal{M}od^\infty(\mathbb{k})$ ” is pushed to dimension $-\infty$

Delooping \mathcal{E}_∞ (commutative) monoids

The operad \mathcal{E}_1 is the associative ∞ -operad

\mathcal{E}_n is the little n -disks operad:

$$\mathcal{E}_n\text{-Alg} \simeq \mathcal{E}_1\text{-Alg}(\mathcal{E}_{n-1}\text{-Alg}) \quad [\text{Dunn, Lurie}]$$

Delooping hypothesis [Baez–Shulman, Gepner–Haugseug]

\mathcal{E}_n -monoids are the same as n -uply degenerate (∞, n) -categories

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- ▶ Have the degeneracies in infinitely many negative dimensions

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Recollections on spectra

Suspension/loop space adjunction

$$\infty\text{-Grpd}_* \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\Sigma} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{\Omega} \end{array} \infty\text{-Grpd}_*$$

Definition

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Categorical spectra

$$\text{Adjunction } (\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}_* \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\Sigma} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{\Omega} \end{array} (\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}_* \quad \text{with } \Omega_X \mathbb{X} = \text{hom}_{\mathbb{X}}(X, X)$$

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Examples

- ▶ The sequence $(\mathbb{M}od^n(\mathbb{k}))_{n \geq 0}$ with $\Omega_{\mathbb{M}od^n(\mathbb{k})} \mathbb{M}od^{n+1}(\mathbb{k}) \simeq \mathbb{M}od^n(\mathbb{k})$ defines a categorical spectrum $\mathbb{m}od(\mathbb{k})$
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Morita categorical spectrum

\mathcal{V} symmetric monoidal $(\infty, 1)$ -category. \rightsquigarrow Morita $(\infty, n+1)$ -category $\mathcal{M}or_n(\mathcal{V})$ with

- objects: \mathcal{E}_n -algebras in \mathcal{V}
- 1-arrows: \mathcal{E}_{n-1} -algebras in \mathcal{E}_n -bimodules
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Non-linear version: Iterated spans

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Stable cells

Recollection: stable homotopy groups of spectra

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Recollection: stable homotopy groups of spectra

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\mathcal{D}_n walking n -cell: one n -cell, and two k -cells for $k < n$

$$\mathcal{D}_0 = *$$

$$\mathcal{D}_1 = \cdot \rightarrow \cdot$$

$$\mathcal{D}_2 = \cdot \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowright \\ \Downarrow \\ \curvearrowleft \end{array} \cdot$$

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For \mathcal{C} any (∞, ω) -category, $\operatorname{hom}(\mathcal{D}_k, \mathcal{C}) = \{k\text{-cells in } \mathcal{C}\}$

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Stable cells

$\mathfrak{X} = (\mathfrak{X}_n)_n$ categorical spectrum. $\operatorname{cell}_k(\mathfrak{X}) = \operatorname{colim}_{n \geq 0} \operatorname{hom}(\mathcal{D}_{k+n}, \mathfrak{X}_n)$

► $\operatorname{cell}_k(\Sigma \mathfrak{X}) \simeq \operatorname{cell}_{k-1}(\mathfrak{X})$

Invertibility

$\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}$, composition maps $\text{cell}_n(\mathfrak{X}) \times_{\text{cell}_{n-1}(\mathfrak{X})} \text{cell}_n(\mathfrak{X}) \rightarrow \text{cell}_n(\mathfrak{X})$

Univalence/Rezk-completeness: Invertible n -cells are the image of $\text{cell}_{n-1}(\mathfrak{X}) \hookrightarrow \text{cell}_n(\mathfrak{X})$

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A categorical spectrum is n -categorical if its k -cells are invertible $\forall k > n$

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Definition

A categorical spectrum \mathfrak{X} is connective if $\text{cell}_k(\mathfrak{X}) \simeq * \forall k < 0$

- ▶ $\mathcal{B}: \mathcal{E}_{\infty}\text{-Alg}((\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}) \xrightarrow{\simeq} \text{CatSp}^{\text{cn}}$

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(∞, \mathbb{Z}) -categories

Adjunction $(\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat} \perp (\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}$ with:

$$\Xi \mathcal{C} = \left(0 \xrightarrow{\text{hom}(0,1)=\mathcal{C}} 1 \right) \quad \text{and} \quad H \mathcal{C} = \text{colim}_{C,D \in \text{obj}(\mathcal{C})} \text{hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(C, D)$$

Ex.: $\Xi \mathcal{D}_n = \mathcal{D}_{n+1}$ (so $\mathcal{D}_n = \Xi^n *$)

(∞, \mathbb{Z}) -categories

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Theorem [K.]

Equivalence of ∞ -categories $\text{CatSp} \simeq (\infty, \mathbb{Z})\text{-Cat}_*$

Now what are higher categories again, again?

Joyal's cell category Θ : category of ω -categories free on pasting diagrams

E.g. $\cdot \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowright \\ \Downarrow \\ \curvearrowleft \end{array} \cdot \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowright \\ \Downarrow \\ \curvearrowleft \end{array} \cdot \in \Theta_2$

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Lemma [Ara]

Any $T \in \Theta$ is a gluing of globes: $T \simeq \mathcal{D}_{n_1} \amalg_{\mathcal{D}_{m_1}} \cdots \amalg_{\mathcal{D}_{m_{p-1}}} \mathcal{D}_{n_p}$,

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The stable cells category

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Definition [Lessard]

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- ▶ Stable globe category \mathbb{G}_{st} : shape

$$\dots \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_{-m-1}^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_{-m-1}^-} \end{array} \mathcal{D}_{-m} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_{-m}^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_{-m}^-} \end{array} \dots \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_{-2}^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_{-2}^-} \end{array} \mathcal{D}_{-1} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_{-1}^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_{-1}^-} \end{array} \mathcal{D}_0 \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_0^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_0^-} \end{array} \mathcal{D}_1 \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_1^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_1^-} \end{array} \dots \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_{n-1}^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_{n-1}^-} \end{array} \mathcal{D}_n \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_n^+} \\ \xleftarrow{i_n^-} \end{array} \dots$$

Lemma [Lessard]

$$\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Z}} := \operatorname{colim}(\mathbb{G} \xrightarrow{\Xi} \mathbb{G} \xrightarrow{\Xi} \mathbb{G} \xrightarrow{\Xi} \dots) \simeq \mathbb{G}_{\text{st}}$$

Globular presentation for (∞, \mathbb{Z}) -categories

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Proposition [Lessard, K.]

$(\infty, \mathbb{Z})\text{-Cat} \subseteq \text{Fun}(\Theta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{op}}, \infty\text{-Grpd})$ full subcat on $\mathcal{X}: \Theta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Grpd}$ such that

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$\implies \text{hom}(\mathcal{D}_n, \mathcal{C})$ n -cells of $\mathcal{C} \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}$, plus composition operations

Remark: Segal condition comes from an “automatic” Segal condition determined by $\Theta_{\mathbb{Z}}$

Contents - Section 2: \mathbb{Z} -categories

1 Motivation

2 Categorical spectra

3 \mathbb{Z} -categories

- Globular presentation
- Comparisons and cells

Monoidal comparison

Define $\mathcal{E}_n\mathcal{CatSp} := \lim(\cdots \xrightarrow{\Omega} \mathcal{E}_n\text{-Alg}((\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}) \xrightarrow{\Omega} \mathcal{E}_n\text{-Alg}((\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}))$

Theorem

For any $0 \leq n \leq \infty$, equivalence $\mathcal{E}_n\mathcal{CatSp} \simeq \mathcal{E}_n\text{-Alg}((\infty, \mathbb{Z})\text{-Cat})$

Proof.

Both (∞, \mathbb{Z}) -categories and \mathcal{E}_n -algebras are given as Segal objects □

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Proposition [Stefanich]

For any n , $\mathcal{E}_n\mathcal{CatSp} \simeq \mathcal{CatSp}$

\implies A pointing (\mathcal{E}_0 -structure) on an (∞, \mathbb{Z}) -category is enough to infinitely deloop it to an \mathcal{E}_∞ -monoidal (∞, \mathbb{Z}) -category

Proof of Stefanich's monoidal equivalence

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \vdots & & \vdots & & \vdots & & \dots \\
 \parallel & & \parallel & & \downarrow & & \\
 \mathcal{E}_k\text{-Alg}((\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}) & \xleftarrow{\Omega} & \mathcal{E}_k\text{-Alg}((\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}) & \xleftarrow{\Omega} & \mathcal{E}_{k-1}\text{-Alg}((\infty, \omega)\text{-Cat}) & \dots & \\
 \parallel & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\
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 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\
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Cells and stable cells

Proposition

\mathfrak{X} a categorical spectrum, $\kappa(\mathfrak{X})$ the corresponding pointed (∞, \mathbb{Z}) -category.
For any $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, equivalence

$$\text{cell}_n(\mathfrak{X}) \simeq \text{hom}(\mathcal{D}_n, \kappa\mathfrak{X})$$

Proof.

$$\text{hom}(\mathcal{D}_{k+i}, (\kappa\mathfrak{X})_i) \simeq \text{hom}(\Xi^i \mathcal{D}_k, H^{\infty-i} \mathfrak{C}) \simeq \text{hom}(\mathcal{D}_k, H^\infty \mathfrak{C})$$

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\implies Diagram $\text{hom}(\mathcal{D}_k, (\kappa\mathfrak{X})_0) \rightarrow \text{hom}(\mathcal{D}_{k+1}, (\kappa\mathfrak{X})_1) \rightarrow \dots$ is constant. □

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Corollary [Lessard]

Equivalence $\mathfrak{Sp} \simeq (\infty, \mathbb{Z})\text{-Cat}_*^{\text{grpd}}$

Proof.

Restrict the equivalence $\mathfrak{CatSp} \simeq (\infty, \mathbb{Z})\text{-Cat}_*$ to objects with all cells invertible □

Backup

Univalence for (∞, n) -categories

Theorem [Ayala–Francis]

For finite n , functors $\Theta_n^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Grpd}$ with the Segal conditions are equivalent to *flagged* (∞, n) -categories:

$$\mathcal{C}_0 \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_1 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{n-1} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_n = \mathcal{C}$$

Univalence: \mathcal{C}_i is the (∞, i) -core of \mathcal{C} for all $i < n$

Equivalent characterisation [Rezk]

eq the walking equivalence. A Segal sheaf \mathcal{X} is univalent iff

$$\text{hom}(\Xi^k_*, \mathcal{X}) \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{hom}(\Xi^k \text{eq}, \mathcal{X}) \text{ for all } k < n$$

For $n = \omega$: call a Segal Θ -presheaf a *flagged* (∞, ω) -category

Univalence for (∞, \mathbb{Z}) -categories

A Segal $\Theta_{\mathbb{Z}}$ -presheaf corresponds to a sequence $(\mathcal{C}_n)_{n \geq 0}$ of *flagged* (∞, ω) -categories with $H\mathcal{C}_{n+1} \simeq \mathcal{C}_n$

Lemma [K.]

For \mathcal{C} a Segal $\Theta_{\mathbb{Z}}$ -presheaf, the following are equivalent:

- ▶ Each \mathcal{C}_i is univalent
- ▶ \mathcal{C} is local for $\Xi^k \text{eq} \rightarrow \Xi^k *$ for each $k \in \mathbb{Z}$